•TRUSTED QUALITY SINCE 1921•
RUST-OLEUM®

SAFETY DATA SHEET
Rust Reformer Aerosol

1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT NAME	Rust Reformer Aerosol
PRODUCT NO.	AE0150001E8
APPLICATION	Intended for use as a spray coating for ferrous metals
SUPPLIER	Rust-oleum Corporation Portobello Industrial Estate Birtley County Durham DH3 2RE +44 (0)191 4106611 +44 (0)1914920125
CONTACT PERSON	ian.mccormack@tor-coatings.com

2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Extremely flammable. Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Irritating to eyes.

CLASSIFICATION Xn;R20/21. Xi;R36. F+;R12. R66.

ENVIRONMENT

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

The product is highly flammable, and explosive vapours/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures.

HUMAN HEALTH

In high concentrations, vapours and spray mists are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Vapours/aerosol spray may irritate the respiratory system. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	EC No.	CAS-No.	Content	Classification
ACETONE	200-662-2	67-64-1	10-30%	F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67
XYLENE	215-535-7	1330-20-7	10-30%	R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38
BUTANE	203-448-7	106-97-8	5-10%	F+;R12
ISOBUTANE	200-857-2	75-28-5	1-5%	F+;R12
Naptha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Heavy	265-150-3	64742-48-9	1-5%	Xn;R65. R10,R67,R52.
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL	203-539-1	107-98-2	1-5%	R10
ETHYLBENZENE	202-849-4	100-41-4	< 1%	F;R11 Xn;R20
ISO-BUTANOL	201-148-0	78-83-1	< 1%	R10 Xi;R37/38,R41 R67
ZINC OXIDE	215-222-5	1314-13-2	< 1%	N;R50/53
ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME	202-496-6	96-29-7	< 1%	Carc3;R40 Xn;R21 R43 Xi;R41

The Full Text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

GENERAL INFORMATION

General first aid, rest, warmth and fresh air. Do not give victim anything to drink if they are unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

INHALATION

Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing If respiratory problems, artificial respiration/oxygen. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

INGESTION

Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water or milk. Keep person under observation. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low. Transport immediately to hospital and take these instructions.

SKIN CONTACT

Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water.

EYE CONTACT

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Fire can be extinguished using: Water spray, fog or mist. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Use pressurised air mask if product is involved in a fire. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Fire causes formation of toxic gases. Aerosol cans may explode in a fire. If heated, volume and pressure increases strongly, resulting in explosion of container.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS

Containers can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build-up.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES IN FIRE

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be IMMEDIATELY alerted to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

SPILL CLEAN UP METHODS

Keep combustibles away from spilled material. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

USAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Flammable/combustible - Keep away from oxidisers, heat and flames. Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in original container. Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

STORAGE CLASS

Flammable liquid storage.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Rust Reformer Aerosol

Name	Std	TWA - 8 hrs		STEL - 15 min		Notes
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL	WEL	100 ppm(Sk)	375 mg/m3(Sk)	150 ppm(Sk)	560 mg/m3(Sk)	
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	1500 ppm	3620 mg/m3	
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE	WEL	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	125 ppm(Sk)	552 mg/m3(Sk)	
ISOBUTANE	WEL	600 ppm		750 ppm		
ISO-BUTANOL	WEL	50 ppm	154 mg/m3	75 ppm	231 mg/m3	
Naptha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Heavy	OES		1000 mg/m3			
XYLENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	220 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

INGREDIENT COMMENTS

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

PROCESS CONDITIONS

Provide eyewash station.

ENGINEERING MEASURES

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined workplace exposure limit is not exceeded. All handling to take place in well-ventilated area.

RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Workplace Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours. At work in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, respiratory protection with air supply must be used. Wear mask supplied with: Gas cartridge suitable for organic substances.

HAND PROTECTION

For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. Use protective gloves made of: Neoprene. Nitrile. Rubber (natural, latex).

EYE PROTECTION

Wear splash-proof eye goggles to prevent any possibility of eye contact.

OTHER PROTECTION

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

HYGIENE MEASURES

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE	Aerosol
COLOUR	Black
ODOUR	Characteristic
SOLUBILITY	Slightly soluble in water.

RELATIVE DENSITY	0.76	VAPOUR DENSITY (air=1)	Heavier than air
FLASH POINT (°C)	< -17 CC (Closed cup).	FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - LOWER(%)	0.8
FLAMMABILITY LIMIT - UPPER(%)	13	VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC)	650 g/litre

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

No particular stability concerns.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidisers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

INHALATION

In high concentrations, vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. In high concentrations, vapours are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Gas or vapour is harmful on prolonged exposure or in high concentrations.

INGESTION

Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

SKIN CONTACT

Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. Irritating to skin. May be absorbed through the skin.

EYE CONTACT

Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Waste to be treated as controlled waste. Disposal to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with local Waste Disposal Authority.

DISPOSAL METHODS

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Make sure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Absorb in vermiculite or dry sand, dispose in licensed hazardous waste.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UK ROAD CLASS	2		
PROPER SHIPPING NAME	AEROSOLS		
UN NO. ROAD	1950	UK ROAD PACK GR.	N/A
ADR CLASS NO.	2	ADR CLASS	Class 2: Gases
ADR PACK GROUP	N/A	TUNNEL RESTRICTION CODE	(D)
ADR LABEL NO.	2.1	CEFIC TEC(R) NO.	20G5F
RID CLASS NO.	2	RID PACK GROUP	N/A
UN NO. SEA	1950	IMDG CLASS	2.1
IMDG PAGE NO.	3	IMDG PACK GR.	N/A
EMS	F-D, S-U	MFAG	See Guide
MARINE POLLUTANT	No.	UN NO. AIR	1950
AIR CLASS	2.1	AIR PACK GR.	N/A

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

LABELLING

Rust Reformer Aerosol

Harmful

Extremely Flammable

CONTAINS XYLENE

RISK PHRASES

R12	Extremely flammable.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SAFETY PHRASES

S2	Keep out of the reach of children
S9	Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S16	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S23	Do not breathe vapour/spray.
S36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas.
P14	Contains ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME. May produce an allergic reaction.

UK REGULATORY REFERENCES

Highly Flammable Liquid Regulations 1972.

EU DIRECTIVES

System of specific information relating to Dangerous Preparations. 2001/58/EC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

APPROVED CODE OF PRACTICE

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

NATIONAL REGULATIONS

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002. No. 1689. Workplace Exposure Limits 2005 (EH40) The Aerosol Dispensers (EEC Requirements)(Amendment) Regulations 1996 (SI 1996 No 2421).

16 OTHER INFORMATION

INFORMATION SOURCES

Croner's Emergency Spillage Guide Croner's Emergency First Aid Guide Croner's Substances Hazardous to Health

REVISION COMMENTS

This is first issue.

ISSUED BY

I McCormack

REVISION DATE 20/02/2009

REV. NO./REPL. SDS GENERATED 1

Rust Reformer Aerosol

RISK PHRASES IN FULL

R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R12	Extremely flammable.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R21	Harmful in contact with skin.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R37/38	Irritating to respiratory system and skin.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R52	Harmful to aquatic organisms.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.